

MODEL L06 AND L10 SERIES TAG TRAILER OPERATOR'S MANUAL



1900 NORTH STREET MARYSVILLE, KANSAS 66508 (785) 562-5381

F-212-397 3/97



LANDOLL CORPORATION

TRAILER FIVE YEAR LIMITED WARRANTY POLICY

Landoll Corporation warrants each new Trailer structure manufactured by Landoll Corporation to be free from defects in materials and workmanship. This limited warranty is subject to specific exclusions and does not apply to any trailer which has been: 1) subjected to or operated with loads which, at any time, have exceeded the trailer's rated capacity or design limits: 2) repaired or altered outside our factory in any way so as, in our judgment, to affect its stability or reliability: 3) subject to misuse, negligence, accident, or has been operated in a manner expressly prohibited in the instructions; or not operated in accordance with practices approved by Landoll Corporation. Trailer structure shall be considered the framework of the trailer (mainframe and/or rear frame weldment, gooseneck weldment and undercarriage weldment) which is fabricated by Landoll Corporation.

The sole obligation of Landoll Corporation under this warranty shall be limited to repairing or replacing, at its option, in accordance with the schedule below, a defective new Trailer structure which shall be identified to Landoll Corporation by way of a Landoll Corporation e-mail Warranty Claim Form within five (5) years from the date of registration of Trailer. Warranty, expressed or implied, will be denied on any Trailer not properly registered with the Landoll Corporation Warranty Department within ten (10) days of the first retail sale. Landoll Corporation Warranty Staff will identify components listed on a Warranty Claim required to be returned for further analysis. All parts returned to Landoll Corporation must be shipped with a Return Materials Authorization (RMA) provided by the Landoll Corporation Warranty Staff. Defective components must returned by the purchaser to Landoll Corporation with transportation and freight charges prepaid within fifteen (15) days after receipt of the RMA. The examination conducted by Landoll Corporation of returned parts shall disclose to its satisfaction the extent the component may be detective.

All labor and parts warranty MUST be authorized by Landoll Corporation Warranty Staff. Failure to do so will result in no warranty payment of any kind. Labor will be reimbursed in accordance with published shop rates pre-approved by the Landoll Corporation Warranty Staff. Time authorized for specific work will be limited, where appropriate, to the hours listed in the Landoll Corporation authorized Flat Rate Schedule.

THIS WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES OF MATERIAL, WORKMANSHIP, DESIGN, APPLICATION OR OTHERWISE WITH RESPECT TO ANY EQUIPMENT, WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, AND OF ALL OTHER OBLIGATIONS OR LIABILITIES ON THE PART OF LANDOLL COPRPORATION.

New Trailer Structure Schedule: Landoll Corporation shall bear that portion of the cost of repairing or replacing the new structure of the Trailer found to be defective within a sixty (60) month warranty period prorated on the following basis:

One (1) Year - 100% Three (3) Years - 70% Five (5) Years - 50%

Two (2) Years - 80% Four (4) Years - 60%

All Bottom Dump and Industrial and Utility Tag Trailers are exempt from the 5 year structural warranty and carry a 12 month structural warranty, due to the rugged and abusive off road use in which these off road units typically operate, and are subject to the Component Schedule below.

Component Schedule: Components manufactured by Landoll Corporation (other than the Structure) and Components supplied by other manufacturers shall be warranted under the following schedule:

I. Axles, Suspensions, Landing Gear, Wheels, Rims, Hubs, Rollers and Cam Followers,

Hydraulic Valve Body and other Landoll Corporation Components

Coverage: 1 year 100%, Over 1 year 0%

II. Air Lines, Springs, Air Bags, Leveling Valves, Bearings, Brake Valves, Paint, Oil Seals, Engines,

Brake Drums, Shock Absorbers, Electrical, Cylinders, Wear Plates, Hydraulic Hoses & Connections

Coverage: 1 - 6 months 100% Over 6 months 0%

III. Tires and Tubes Coverage: Warranty claims must be made directly to the tire dealers.

IV Wood Components Coverage: 0%

This warranty does not expand, enlarge upon or alter in any way, the warranties provided by the original manufacturers and suppliers of component parts and accessories. This warranty excludes such parts or accessories which are not defective, but may wear out and have to be replaced during the warranty period, including, but not limited to, light bulbs, paint, brake lining, brake drums, wood pieces and the like. (Tire Warranties are expressly excluded from Landoll Corporation warranty herein.) Purchaser is expected to pay all repairs or replacement costs, in connection with this Agreement, including sales and other taxes immediately upon completion of work performed.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY: Landoll Corporation shall not be liable to purchaser for any incidental or consequential damages suffered by the purchaser, including, but not limited to, any commercially reasonable charges, expenses or commissions incurred in connection with effecting cover or any other reasonable expense incident to the delay or other breach of warranty by Landoll Corporation, any loss of or damage to any cargo loaded or shipped in or on the Trailer, loss of anticipated profits, transportation expenses due to repairs, non-operation or increased expense of operation costs of purchased or replaced equipment, claim of customers, cost of money, any loss of use of capital or revenue, equipment rental, roadside assistance, or for any special damage or loss of any nature arising at any time or from any cause whatsoever.

LIMITATION OF REMEDY: In the event of Landoll Corporation failure to repair the Trailer subject to the warranty contained herein, the purchaser's sole and exclusive remedy against Landoll Corporation shall be for the repair or replacement of any defective part or parts of the Trailer subject to work or repair within the time period and manner set forth herein. This exclusive remedy shall not be deemed to have failed of its essential purpose so long as Landoll Corporation is willing and able to repair or replace defective parts in the prescribed manner.



PHONE NO.:	SERIAL NO.:	
ADDRESS:		
PURCHASED FROM:	DATE /	_ /

REPORTING SAFETY DEFECTS

If you believe that your vehicle has a defect which could cause a crash or could cause injury or death, you should immediately inform the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) in addition to notifying Landoll Manufacturing.

If NHTSA receives similar complaints, it may open an investigation, and if it finds that a safety defect exists in a group of vehicles, it may order a recall and remedy campaign. However, NHTSA cannot become involved in individual problems between you, your dealer, or Landoll Manufacturing.

To contact NHTSA, you may either call the Auto Safety Hotline toll-free at 1-800-424-9393 (or 366-0123 in Washington, D.C. area) or write to: NHTSA, U.S. Department of Transportation, Washington, D.C. 20590. You can also obtain other information about motor vehicle safety from the Hotline.

In the event of a defect or problem with your LANDOLL equipment, please notify LANDOLL CORPORATION:

LANDOLL CORPORATION
SALES AND SERVICE
1900 NORTH STREET
MARYSVILLE, KANSAS 66508

OR PHONE:

1-800-HAULOLL

(1-800-428-5655)

FAX NO.: (785)562-3240

FOR REPLACEMENT PARTS:

(785)562-4650

1-800-423-4320

FAX NO.: (785) 562-4654

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SAFETY PRECAUTIONS



THIS IS THE SAFETY ALERT SYMBOL. IT IS USED TO ALERT YOU TO POTENTIAL INJURY HAZARDS, OBEY ALL SAFETY MESSAGES THAT FOLLOW THIS SYMBOL TO AVOID POSSIBLE INJURY OR DEATH.

ADANGER

DANGER INDICATES AN IMMINENTLY HAZARDOUS SITUA-TION WHICH, IF NOT AVOIDED, WILL RESULT IN DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY.

AWARNING | WARNING INDICATES A POTENTIALLY HAZARDOUS SITUA-TION WHICH, IF NOT AVOIDED, COULD RESULT IN DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY.

ACAUTION

CAUTION INDICATES A POTENTIALLY HAZARDOUS SITUA-TION WHICH, IF NOT AVOIDED, MAY RESULT IN MINOR OR MODERATE INJURY.

CAUTION

CAUTION USED WITHOUT THE SAFETY ALERT SYMBOL INDI-CATES A POTENTIALLY HAZARDOUS SITUATION WHICH, IF NOT AVOIDED. MAY RESULT IN PROPERTY DAMAGE.

A Careful Operator IS THE BEST INSURANCE AGAINST AN ACCIDENT -National Safety CouncilThis manual provides operating, servicing, and maintenance instructions, for Model L06 and L10 Series Tag Trailers, manufactured by Landoll Corporation, Marysville, Kansas 66508.

SECTION 1 gives basic instructions on the use of this manual.

SECTION 2 gives specifications for the trailer, including measurements and component specifications. A Standard Bolt Torque Table is provided to give guidelines for bolt torques to be used when servicing this product.

SECTION 3 gives instructions for the proper operation of the equipment.

SECTION 4 gives general maintenance procedures, a maintenance schedule, and a lubrication schedule. Improper maintenance will void your warranty.

IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS CONTACT:

LANDOLL CORPORATION 1900 NORTH STREET MARYSVILLE, KANSAS 66508 or phone: (785) 562-5381 or (800) 428-5655 or FAX: (785) 562-4893

SECTION 5 is a troubleshooting guide to aid in diagnosing and solving problems with the trailer.

PARTS LIST is a separate manual showing the various assemblies, subassemblies, and systems. Refer to that manual when ordering Landoll replacement parts. Order parts from your Landoll dealer.

WARRANTY The Warranty Registration form is located with the product documents. Fill it out and mail it within 15 days of purchase. The Warranty is printed inside the front cover.

NOTE: IMPROPER ASSEMBLY, MODIFICATION, OR MAINTENANCE OF YOUR LANDOLL EQUIPMENT CAN VOID YOUR WARRANTY.

COMMENTS Address comments or questions regarding this publication to:

LANDOLL CORPORATION
1900 NORTH STREET
MARYSVILLE, KANSAS 66508
ATTENTION: PUBLISHING -DEPT. 55

CAPACITY (FRAME DESIGN):
L06
OVERALL WIDTH:
WEIGHT:
L06 2,250 LBS. L1014. 2,540 LBS. L1016 2,680 LBS. L1218. 2,850 LBS.
HITCH:
L062-5/16" BALL HITCH, PINTLE EYE (OPTIONAL) L1014PINTLE EYE, 2-5/16" BALL HITCH (OPTIONAL) L1218PINTLE EYE
DECK LENGTH:
L06
BEAVERTAIL LENGTH:
L06
SPECIFIC BOLT TORQUES
2" X 12" ELECTRIC BRAKE MOUNTING NUT
1/2' DIAMETER WHEEL NUTS 90-110 FT. LBS.
NOTE: FOR GENERAL TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS, REFER TO TABLES 2-1 AND 2-2.

LANDOLL CORPORATION GENERAL TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS (REV. 4/97)

THIS CHART PROVIDES TIGHTENING TORQUES FOR GENERAL PURPOSE APPLICATIONS WHEN SPECIAL TORQUES ARE NOT SPECIFIED ON PROCESS OR DRAWING.

ASSEMBLY TORQUES APPLY TO PLATED NUTS AND CAPSCREWS ASSEMBLED WITHOUT SUPPLEMENTAL LUBRICATION (AS RECEIVED CONDITION). THEY DO NOT APPLY IF SPECIAL GRAPHITE MOLY-DISULFIDE OR OTHER EXTREME PRESSURE LUBRICANTS ARE USED. WHEN FASTENERS ARE DRY (SOLVENT CLEANED), ADD 33% TO AS RECEIVED CONDITION TORQUE.

BOLT HEAD IDENTIFICATION MARKS INDICATE GRADE AND MAY VARY FROM MANUFACTURER TO MANUFACTURER.

THICK NUTS MUST BE USED ON GRADE 8 CAPSCREWS.

USE VALUE IN [] IF USING PREVAILING TORQUE NUTS.

TORQUE IS SPECIFIED IN FOOT POUNDS

UNC SAE Size Grade 2		Grade Grade Grade		UNF Size			SAE Grade 5		SAE Grade 8				
1/4-20	4	[5]	6	[7]	9	[11]	1/4-28	5	[6]	7	[9]	10	[12]
5/16-18	8	[10]	13	[16]	18	[22]	5/16-24	9	[11]	14	[17]	20	[25]
3/8-16	15	[19]	23	[29]	35	[43]	3/8-24	17	[21]	25	[31]	35	[44]
7/16-14	24	[30]	35	[43]	55	[62]	7/16-20	27	[34]	40	[50]	60	[75]
1/2-13	35	[43]	55	[62]	80	[100]	1/2-20	40	[50]	65	[81]	90	[112]
9/16-12	55	[62]	80	[100]	110	[137]	9/16-18	60	[75]	90	[112]	130	[162]
5/8-11	75	[94]	110	[137]	170	[212]	5/8-18	85	[106]	130	[162]	180	[225]
3/4-10	130	[162]	200	[250]	280	[350]	3/4-16	150	[188]	220	[275]	320	[400]
7/8-9	125	[156]	320	[400]	460	[575]	7/8-14	140	[175]	360	[450]	500	[625]
1-8	190	[237]	408	[506]	680	[850]	1-14	210	[263]	540	[675]	760	[950]
1-1/8-7	270	[337]	600	[750]	960	[1200]	1-1/8-12	300	[375]	660	[825]	1080	[1350]
1-1/4-7	380	[475]	840	[1050]	1426	[1782]	1-1/4-12	420	[525]	920	[1150]	1500	[1875]
1-3/8-6	490	[612]	110	[1375]	1780	[2225]	1-3/8-12	560	[700]	1260	[1575]	2010	[2512]
1/1-2-6	650	[812]	1460	[1825]	2360	[2950]	1/1-2-12	730	[912]	1640	[2050]	2660	[3325]

METRIC

COARSE THREAD METRIC CLASS 10.9 FASTENERS AND CLASS 10.0 NUTS AND THROUGH HARDENED FLAT WASHERS, PHOSPHATE COATED, ROCKWELL "C" 38-45.

USE VALUE IN [] IF USING PREVAILING TORQUE NUTS.

N <u>o</u> minal		Standa	rd Tord	que	Nominal		Standard Torque			
Thread Diameter mm		wton- eters		oot- ounds	Thread Diameter mm	Newton- Meters		Foot- Pounds		
6	10	[14]	7	[10]	20	385	[450]	290	[335]	
7	16	[22]	12	[16]	24	670	[775]	500	[625]	
8	23	[32]	17	[24]	27	980	[1105]	730	[825]	
10	46	[60]	34	[47]	30	1330	[1470]	990	[1090]	
12	80	[101]	60	[75]	33	1790	[1950]	1340	[1450]	
14	125	[155]	90	[115]	36	2325	[2515]	1730	[1870]	
16	200	[240]	150	[180]	39	3010	[3210]	2240	[2380]	
18	275	[330]	205	[245]						

Table 2-1 General Torque Specifications

LANDOLL CORPORATION HYDRAULIC FITTING TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS 37° JIC, ORS, & ORB (REV. 10/97)

THIS CHART PROVIDES TIGHTENING TORQUES FOR HYDRAULIC FITTING APPLICATIONS WHEN SPECIAL TORQUES ARE NOT SPECIFIED ON PROCESS OR DRAWING.

ASSEMBLY TORQUES APPLY TO PLATED CARBON STEEL AND STAINLESS STEEL FITTINGS ASSEMBLED WITHOUT SUPPLEMENTAL LUBRI-CATION (AS RECEIVED CONDITION). THEY DO NOT APPLY IF SPECIAL GRAPHITE MOLY-DISULFIDE OR OTHER EXTREME PRESSURE LUBRI-CANTS ARE USED.

BRASS FITTINGS AND ADAPTERS - 65% OF THE TORQUE VALUE FOR STEEL. STAINLESS STEEL, ALUMINUM AND MONEL - THREADS ARE TO BE LUBRICATED

TORQUE IS SPECIFIED IN FOOT POUNDS

PARKER BRAND FITTINGS

Dash Size	37 Degree JIC	O-Ring (ORS)	O-Ring Boss (ORB)
-4	11-13	15-17	13-15
-5	14-16	<u> </u>	21-23
-6	20-22	34-36	25-29
-8	43-47	58-62	40-44
-10	55-65	100-110	57.5-62.5
-12	80-90	134-146	75-85
-16	115-125	202-218	109-121
-20	160-180	248-272	213-237
-24	185-215	303-327	238-262
-32	250-290	_	310-340

LANDOLL CORPORATION HYDRAULIC FITTING TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS 37° JIC, ORS & ORB (REV. 10/97)

THIS CHART PROVIDES TIGHTENING TORQUES FOR HYDRAULIC FITTING APPLICATIONS WHEN SPECIAL TORQUES ARE NOT SPECIFIED ON PROCESS OR DRAWING.

ASSEMBLY TORQUES APPLY TO PLATED CARBON STEEL AND STAINLESS STEEL FITTINGS ASSEMBLED WITHOUT SUPPLEMENTAL LUBRI-CATION (AS RECEIVED CONDITION). THEY DO NOT APPLY IF SPECIAL GRAPHITE MOLY-DISULFIDE OR OTHER EXTREME PRESSURE LUBRI-CANTS ARE USED.

BRASS FITTINGS AND ADAPTERS - 65% OF THE TORQUE VALUE FOR STEEL TORQUE IS SPECIFIED IN FOOT POUNDS.

AEROQUIP BRAND FITTINGS

	712.10 (3011 2.10 1112 111 1110 2011 2011 2011 20							
Dash Size	37 Degree JIC	O-Ring (ORS)	O-Ring Boss (ORB)					
-4	11-12	10-12	14-16					
-5	15-16	<u> </u>	18-20					
-6	18-20	18-20	24-26					
-8	38-42	32-35	50-60					
-10	57-62	46-50	72-80					
-12	79-87	65-70	125-135					
-14	_	<u> </u>	160-180					
-16	108-113	92-100	200-220					
-20	127-133	125-140	210-280					
-24	158-167	150-165	270-360					
-32	245-258	_	_					

Table 2-2 Hydraulic Fitting Torque Specifications

3-1 GENERAL

This section supplies information for operation of the trailer. It describes and locates controls, and gives general operation procedures. Read all instructions, warnings, cautions, and danger notes before attempting to operate the trailer. Operators must have proper training before operating the trailer.

WARNING

DO NOT OPERATE THE TRAILER WITH ANY KNOWN FAULT THAT MIGHT EN-DANGER THE OCCUPANTS, NEARBY WORKERS, OTHER TRAFFIC, THE LOAD, OR THE EQUIPMENT.

3-2 PRE-COUPLING OF TRAILER AND TRUCK

- 3-2.1 Slowly back the truck (towing vehicle) up to the front end of the trailer so the hitch of the trailer is centered with the truck. Stop the towing vehicle just inches ahead of the trailer. Set truck parking brake.
- 3-2.2 The hitch on the trailer can be adjusted to different heights. Make sure the hitch height is at the correct height so the trailer deck is about parallel to the ground when loaded.
- 3-2.3 If the trailer hitch needs some adjustment to connect to the truck, manually raise or lower the front of trailer by cranking the landing gear (parking stands) up or down until the proper height has been obtained.
- **3-2.4** Connect electrical receptacle to the truck.
- **3-2.5** Apply brakes and inspect brake action on all wheels for prompt application.

A DANGER

KEEP ALL PERSONNEL CLEAR OF FRONT, REAR, AND SIDES OF TOW-ING VEHICLE AND TRAILER DURING COUPLING, COMPONENT OPERATIONS, AND UNCOUPLING. FAILURE TO STAY CLEAR CAN RESULT IN SERIOUS PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

- **3-3.1** Verify the trailer wheels are chocked and brakes function properly.
- **3-3.2** Make sure the towing vehicle's coupler is open.

A CAUTION

PUSHING THE TRAILER BACKWARDS CAN DAMAGE LANDING GEAR.

- 3-3.3 Slowly back the towing vehicle so the hitch contacts the trailer hitch. Make sure the hitch is centered and will properly connect up. Set the vehicle brakes.
- **3-3.4** Raise the landing gear (parking stands) and lock the hitch in place.

IMPORTANT

KEEP BRAKES ENGAGED FOR REMAINDER OF HOOKUP, CHECK-OUT PROCEDURES, AND FOR PARKING.

3-4 TOWING VEHICLE AND TRAILER HOOK-UP AND CHECK-OUT

WARNING

FAILURE TO PROPERLY SET AND CHECK PARKING BRAKE, AND CHOCK WHEELS WHEN PARKING AND DURING STORAGE, COULD ALLOW MOVEMENT OF THE TRUCK/TRAILER RIG RESULTING IN SERIOUS PERSONAL INJURY, DEATH, OR DAMAGE TO PROPERTY IN ITS PATH.

3-4.1 Connect the electrical receptacle on the front of the trailer to the towing vehicle.

IMPORTANT

THE KEY ON THE PLUG AND THE KEYWAY IN THE SOCKET MUST BE PROPERLY ALIGNED BEFORE INSERTING THE PLUG INTO THE TRAILER SOCKET.

- **3-4.2** Assure landing gear is raised up all the way.
- **3-4.3** Attach safety chains from the trailer to the towing vehicle.

3-4.4 Attach breakaway cable to towing vehicle. Make sure breakaway battery is charged and breakaway system is working properly.

WARNING

MAKE SURE BRAKE BREAKAWAY CABLE IS CONNECTED FOR PROTECTION WHILE TRAVELING. FAILURE OF CABLE CONNECTION WILL CONSTITUTE NO EMERGENCY BRAKING SYSTEM IN THE EVENT THAT THE TRAILER IS SEPARATED FROM THE TOWING VEHICLE. THIS MAY RESULT IN SERIOUS PERSONAL INJURY, DEATH, OR DAMAGE TO PROPERTY.

- **3-4.5** Check your maintenance schedule and be sure everything is up-to-date.
- **3-4.6** Set parking brake and carefully remove all wheel chocks. If brakes are not properly set, the truck/trailer may roll when removing wheel chocks.

3-5 TOWING THE TRAILER

- 3-5.1 Driving the towing vehicle with the trailer coupled behind requires constant attention to the overall length of the combination. Turning, passing, acceleration, braking, stopping, and back-up require special attention to the "hinged-in-the-middle" configuration of the trailer. When executing steep grades or turning tight curves, the trailer must not be allowed to push the towing vehicle, or jackknifing the trailer with the towing vehicle may result. Application of the trailer brakes to keep the trailer in tow will help prevent this pushing. Braking should begin before descending a hill or attempting a curve, to assure control.
- **3-5.2** Make a moving test of the trailer brakes at low, and medium speeds *before* traveling at highway speed.
- 3-5.3 The trailer wheels track to the inside of the towing vehicle during turns. Thus, turning corners requires a wide swing to prevent "curb hopping", and to allow the trailer wheels to clear any obstacle on the inside of the corner.

- **3-5.4** To stop, use a gradual and smooth application of brakes. If grabbing occurs, apply less pressure. Grabbing brakes are not efficient.
- 3-5.5 During any extended stop period, use wheel chocks to secure the vehicle from moving.

A DANGER

ALWAYS CHECK BEHIND AND UNDER THE TRUCK AND TRAILER FOR PERSONS OR OBJECTS BEFORE MOVING. FAILURE TO CHECK CAN LEAD TO SERIOUS PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH TO OTHERS, OR DAMAGE TO PROPERTY.

- **3-5.6** Backing should be done with care. Tail overhang, trailer length, and allowable space must be taken into consideration.
- 3-5.7 The load on the trailer should be positioned so a minimum of 8% of the total weight and a maximum of 30% of the total weight is on the hitch.

3-6 PARKING THE TRAILER

3-6.1 Position truck/trailer rig on a level, solid surface.

IMPORTANT

ELECTRIC BRAKE TRAILERS DO NOT HAVE A PARKING BRAKE.

3-6.2 Chock wheels of trailer.

3-7 UNCOUPLING TOWING VEHICLE FROM TRAILER

- **3-7.1** Park the trailer according to instructions in **Section 3-6.**
- **3-7.2** Lower the landing gear to the ground using the manual crank on the trailer.
- 3-7.3 With electric brake trailers, disconnect the brake breakaway cable. Disconnect the electrical cable and store so end is not on the ground.
- **3-7.4** Disconnect safety chains from the towing vehicle.
- **3-7.5** Verify that all service lines are disconnected and trailer wheels are chocked.
- 3-7.6 Unlock hitch and raise trailer hitch by cranking landing gear down until the hitch is in a position to be disconnected.
- **3-7.7** Pull towing vehicle away from the trailer.

3-8 LOADING THE TRAILER

- **3-8.1** Practice all standard industrial safety standards. Do not load any payload that will overload any component of the trailer or cause an unsafe condition.
- **3-8.2** Assure maintenance schedule is up-to-date and trailer is ready to be pulled.
- **3-8.3** Park towing vehicle and trailer on relatively level ground.

▲ WARNING

DO NOT ATTEMPT TO LOAD OR UN-LOAD TRAILER WITHOUT THE RAMP ALL THE WAY UNDERNEATH THE TRAILER BUMPER. PERSONAL IN-JURY OR DEATH IS POSSIBLE IF BACK OF TRAILER IS NOT SUP-PORTED.

- **3-8.4** Keeping hands and feet away from areas that they can become pinched, unpin ramps and flip down until end of ramp hits the ground.
- 3-8.5 If base of ramp is not within 3" of the ground, properly shore under ramp to within 3" of front base of ramp so ramp is supported during loading. Do not shore up tight to the ramp because the ramp can not be flipped up once the trailer is loaded.
- 3-8.6 Load the pay load into the trailer so the load center of gravity is centered from side to side and so between 8% and 30% of the total weight of trailer plus payload is on the hitch.
- **3-8.7** Secure the load using approved standard tie-down methods.
- **3-8.8** Flip the loading ramps back up and repin to support bar on trailer.

3-9 UNLOADING THE TRAILER

- **3-9.1** Practice all standard industrial safety standards.
- **3-9.2** Park towing vehicle and trailer on relatively level ground.
- **3-9.3** Set towing vehicle's brakes.

WARNING

DO NOT ATTEMPT TO LOAD OR UN-LOAD TRAILER WITHOUT THE RAMP ALL THE WAY UNDERNEATH THE TRAILER BUMPER. PERSONAL IN-JURY OR DEATH IS POSSIBLE IF BACK OF TRAILER IS NOT SUP-PORTED.

- **3-9.4** Keeping hands and feet away from areas that they can become pinched, un-pin ramps and flip down until end of ramp hits the ground.
- **3-9.5** If base of the ramp is not within 2" of the ground, properly shore under the ramp to within 2" of front base of ramp.
- **3-9.6** Making sure the payload will not roll in any direction, remove the payload tie-downs.
- **3-9.7** Unload the payload from the trailer.
- **3-9.8** Flip the loading ramps back up and repin to support bar on trailer.

3-10 COLD WEATHER OPERATION

- **3-10.1** Cold weather causes lubricants to congeal, insulation and rubber parts to become hard, which may lead to problems found in bearings and electrical systems. Moisture attracted by warm parts can condense, collect and freeze to immobilize equipment. The truck/trailer operator must always be alert for indicators of cold weather malfunctions.
- **3-10.2** Check all structural fasteners, gaskets, seals and bearings for looseness that can develop due to contraction with cold. Do not over-tighten.
- **3-10.3** Check tire inflation. Tire inflation decreases when the temperature decreases.

3-11 HOT WEATHER OPERATION

- **3-11.1** Hot weather operation can cause expansion of parts, resulting in tightening of bearings, fasteners, and moving parts. Failure of gaskets or seals can occur.
- **3-11.2** The trailer should be parked in the shade if possible. Long exposure to the sun will shorten service life of rubber components (i.e., tires, light and hose grommets, hoses, etc.) and paint life.
- 3-11.3 Check tire pressure early in the day before beginning operations while the tire is cool. Put all valve stem caps back on after checking.
- **3-11.4** If the area is extremely humid, protect electrical terminals with ignition insulation spray. Coat paint and bare metal surfaces with an appropriate protective sealer.

4-1 GENERAL

This section contains instructions necessary for proper maintenance of the trailer. The trailer is designed for years of service with minimal maintenance. However, proper maintenance is important for durability and safe operation and is an owner/user responsibility.

4-2 MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

Trailer maintenance includes periodic inspection and lubrication. **Table 4-2, Maintenance Schedule**, lists the recommended maintenance and lubrication tasks by time interval and by accumulated mileage (use whichever occurs first). **4-2.1** Inspection

▲ DANGER

OPERATING THE TRUCK OR TRAILER WITH DEFECTIVE, BROKEN OR MISSING PARTS MAY RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH; DAMAGE TO THE TRUCK/TRAILER, ITS CARGO, OR PROPERTY IN ITS PATH.

Inspect the towing vehicle, the trailer, and trailer parts periodically for damage or signs of pending failure. Damaged or broken parts must be repaired or replaced at once. Determine the cause of any binding, at once. Correct the problem before using the towing vehicle or trailer.

4-2.2 Lubrication. See Table 4-1 for lubricant required for axles. During inspections of the trailer, if lubricants are found to be fouled with dirt or sand, those parts should be cleaned with solvent, dried, and relubricated immediately. Dirt in a lubricant forms an abrasive compound that will wear parts rapidly.

WARNING

PAINT THINNER AND OTHER SOL-VENTS ARE FLAMMABLE AND TOXIC TO THE EYES, THE SKIN, AND THE RESPIRATORY TRACT. AVOID SKIN AND EYE CONTACT. GOOD GENERAL VENTILATION IS NORMALLY ADE-QUATE. KEEP AWAY FROM OPEN FLAMES OR OTHER COMBUSTIBLE ITEMS.

4-3 MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

- **4-3.1 Repair Parts**. Repair parts are illustrated and listed in the parts manual. Replacement of parts due to wear is determined by examination and measurement.
- **4-3.2 Tools and Equipment.** Tools, equipment, and personnel normally found in a facility capable of making truck repairs will be adequate for maintenance of the trailer. No other special tools or equipment should be necessary.
- 4-3.3 Standard Torque Values. Table lists torque values for standard hardware and is intended as a guide for average applications involving typical stresses and mechanical surfaces. Values are based on the physical limitations of clean, plated, and lubricated hardware. In all cases, when an individual torque value is specified, it takes priority over values given in this table. Replace original fasteners with hardware of equal grade. Table illustrates the markings on the heads of steel bolts and screws that indicate their ASTM and SAE grades.

4-3.4 Cleaning

 Wash trailer to remove all accumulated dirt and grime.

- b. Use any mineral spirits paint thinner (or its equivalent) to remove grease and oil from all parts of the trailer. Rinse degreasing solution off with cold water.
- **c.** Inspect trailer for cause of any reported troubles.
- d. Scrape, sand, prime, and repaint areas where finish is missing or where there is evidence of corrosion.
- **e.** Replace any missing or illegible decals. Replace any missing or damaged reflective tape.
- f. Use the Troubleshooting Guide to check for "SYMPTOMS" and "PROBLEMS" of any trailer system not functioning correctly. Administer "REMEDY" according to the righthand column of the Troubleshooting guide.
- g. After disassembling any components, thoroughly clean dirt and old lubricant from all parts. Do not use a wire brush on any bearing parts or surfaces use a stiff bristle brush. Do not use compressed air, or spin bearing parts when cleaning. These practices can throw solvents, dirt, or metal particles into your eyes. Dry clean parts with lint free, clean, soft, absorbent, cloth or paper. Wash and dry hands.
- **h.** Inspect seals, seal wiping surfaces, any bearing caps, and bearing cones for wear, pitting, chipping, or other damage.

4-4 FRAME AND DECKS

The trailer should be thoroughly checked daily for cracks or material fatigue. Cracks will normally show best under loaded conditions. If any cracks or breaks are found, immediately contact Landoll Corporation for recommended repair. Any defective parts must be replaced immediately.

4-5 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

- 4-5.1 Maintenance of the electrical system consists of inspection and minor servicing. Any wire, connection or electrical component showing signs of corrosion, wear, breakage or unraveling must be repaired or replaced.
- **4-5.2** Frayed or unraveling wire must have the defective section removed and replaced with wire of the same color and gauge. Seal all connections and insulate.
- **4-5.3** Corroded terminals must have the corrosion removed, source of corrosion neutralized and the terminals resealed, protected and insulated.
- **4-5.4** Fuse or circuit breaker burn-out or "blow-out" usually indicates an electrical short-circuit, although a fuse can occasionally fail from vibration. Insert a second fuse or reset the breaker. If this fuse immediately burns out or the breaker trips, locate the cause of the electrical short and repair.
- 4-5.5 Lights with a repeated lamp burn-out usually indicates a loose connection, poor system ground, or a malfunctioning voltage regulator. Locate the source of the problem and repair. System grounds must be grounded to bare metal surfaces. Paint, grease, wax, and other coatings act as insulators. Replacement lamps must be equivalent to the factory installed lamp.

4-6 BRAKE SYSTEM MAINTENANCE

Follow operation maintenance service manual from brake and axle manufacturer. If another manual is required, it may be obtained by requesting Landoll p/n 3-475-010002.

4-7 HUB AND DRUM MAINTENANCE

Follow operation, maintenance, service manual from hub and drum vendor that comes with each trailer. If another manual is required, it can be obtained by requesting Landoll p/n 3-475-010002.

4-8 WHEEL BEARING

Use vendor manual for electric or hydraulic brake parts and recommendations. If another manual is required, it can be obtained by requesting Landoll p/n 3-475-010002.

4-9 SUSPENSION MAINTENANCE

Use vendor manual for electric or hydraulic brake parts and recommendations. If another manual is required, it can be obtained by requesting Landoll p/n 3-475-010002.

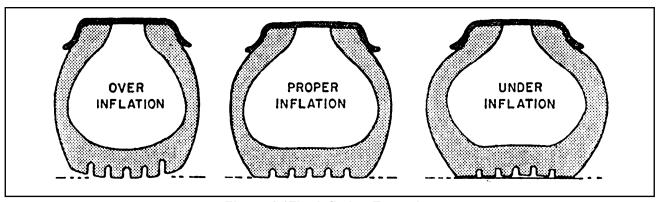


Figure 4-1Tire Inflation Examples

4-10 TIRES

4-10.1 Tire Inflation. Tire inflation will cause tire to ground contact characteristics as shown in Figure 4-1. Tire inflation should be checked daily while the tire is cold, and during road stops. Checking the tire pressures while tires are hot will give a faulty increased pressure reading. Adjusting tire air pressure to the specified amount while tires are hot will produce improper tire to road contact and thus abnormal wear. Do not exceed cold inflation pressure listed on the trailer VIN plate. Exceeding cold inflation pressure will result in damaged tire bodies, rims, and wheels. Replace all valve stem caps when pressure checking/adjusting has been completed. Remove any foreign objects from between duals.

APPROVED SOURCES by BRAND AND PRODUCT (WEIGHT AND/OR TYPE)						
Mobil Oil Mobilgrease HP						
Exxon/Standard	Ronex MP					
Kendall Refining Co.	Kendall L-427					
Ashland Oil Co.	Valvoline Val-plex EP Grease					
Pennzoil Prod. Co.	Premium Wheel Bearing Grease 707L					

Table 4-1 Lubrication Specifications

NORMAL OPERATING SERVICE INTERVALS ^a								
SERVICE INTERVAL :	TIMES	1st 5 Hrs	Weekly	Monthly	6 Months	NOTES		
ITEM						9		
	MILES	50	500	2,000	12,000			
LIGHTS		I						
WIRING & CONNECTIONS	5	I		I				
FASTENERS		I, T		I		b		
BRAKE ADJ & WEAR		I		I, T		d		
WHEEL BEARINGS		I			I, T, L	С		
TIRE INFLATION & WEAR	<u> </u>	I	I			е		
WHEEL LUG NUTS		I, T	I	I, T		f		
BATTERY & BREAKAWAY	/ FOR		I					
BRAKES								

I – Inspect, R – Replace, T– Tighten/ Adjust Torque, L – Lubricate, C – Clean

NOTES:

- Perform at the time shown. Shorten service intervals when operating in severe or dirty conditions.
- See Tables 2-1 and 2-2 (General Torque Chart) for correct torque.
- Use lubricant per Table 4-1.
- Call Landoll Customer Services or consult axle manual for procedures to replace.

 See Serial Number Plate on the front of the semitrailer for proper inflation requirements.

 See axle manual for stud tightening sequence.

Table 4-2 Maintenance Schedule

4-11 WHEELS

Use vendor manual for electric or hydraulic brake parts and recommendations. If another manual is required, it can be obtained by requesting Landoll p/n 3-475-010002.

N	J	T	F	S	•
			_	u	-

TROUBLESHOOTING

Troubleshooting should be performed by a trained and competent technician. Landoll Corporation is not responsible for equipment that is improperly maintained. Contact an authorized Landoll dealer or the Landoll Service department for service questions.

5-1 ELECTRICAL

Most electrical system problems show up as a burned out light or fuse, or inoperative electrical component. Wiring, grounds or components may be at fault. Locate the symptom in this section that best identifies your electrical problem. Check out each possible problem under that symptom. If the problem cannot be located, see an automotive electrical specialist. For maintenance procedures, **see Section 4-5.**

SYMPTOM	PROBLEM: REMEDY Fuse blown on tractor: Replace fuse. Loose connection at plug-in: Tighten connection. Broken or corroded wires: Replace wire. Ground wire loose: Clean and tighten ground.		
NO LIGHTS			
LIGHTS FLICKERING	Wires shorted or loose: Locate, insulate, replace, or tighten.		
LIGHTS DIM	Voltage difference between trailer & tractor: Tractor supply wire or circuit components too low capacity - enlarge wire or component, match bulbs with tractor voltage.		
LIGHTS BRIGHT & BURN OUT	Ground wire disconnected: Self-explanatory. Voltage difference between trailer & tractor: Tractor supply wire or circuit components too low capacity - enlarge wire or component, match bulbs with tractor voltage.		
FUSE BLOW-OUT OR CIRCUIT BREAKER TRIPPING	Vibration: Locate source of vibration and repair. Short circuit: Replace fuse and try all accessories. If fuse blows right away, locate short and repair.		
LAMP BULB BURN OUT	Vibration: Locate source of vibration and repair. Short circuit: Replace fuse and try all accessories. If fuse blows right away, locate short and repair. Loose connection: Check lamp sockets and ground connections. Intermittent short: Locate short and repair. Improper voltage: Check voltage regulator output.		

5-2 TIRES - WHEELS - SUSPENSION

Most tire, wheel, and suspension related problems are due to excessive loads, extreme conditions, and improper maintenance. Tire, wheel, and suspension problems can be easily detected and solved by checking the following guide. For maintenance procedures, see Sections 4-7 through 4-11.

SYMPTOM	PROBLEM: REMEDY		
VIBRATIONS WHILE DRIVING	Improper tire inflation: Inflate to proper pressure. Tires cupped or have flat spots: Replace tires. Wheels bent or loose: Replace or tighten. Tires incorrectly mounted: Remount.		
	Mud in wheels: Clean wheels.		
	Tire(s) out of balance: Balance tires. Brakes dragging: Locate cause and repair.		
RAPID TIRE WEAR/DETERIORATION:			
CENTER TREAD WEAR	Over inflation: Deflate to correct inflation.		
SHOULDER TREAD WEAR - BOTH SHOULDERS	Under inflation: Increase inflation to correct psi. Check axle alignment. Overload: Loads are above rated tire capacity. Do not load above rated tire capacity.		
SHOULDER TREAD WEAR - ONE SHOULDER	Axle damage: Straighten or replace axle. Axles not parallel: Check axle alignment.		
OVERALL TREAD WEAR	Overloading: Check tire load rating. High speeds: Adjust speed according to road and load conditions.		
TIRE FLAT SPOTS	Quick stops: Adjust braking practices. Grabbing brakes: Adjust brakes properly. Worn or loose wheel bearings: Adjust or replace as needed. Out of balance wheels and tire: Balance wheels and tires.		
UNEVEN WEAR	Suspension bushings worn: Replace bushings. Worn or loose wheel bearings: Adjust or replace as needed. Out of balance wheels and tires: Balance wheels and tires.		
RIM FAILURE*:			
CRACKING	Overinflated tires: Deflate tire to proper psi. High speeds: Adjust speed according to road and load conditions. High speed cornering: Adjust cornering practices.		
*In all instances of rim failure, replace the rim imme	Over loading: Check rim load rating.		
BENDING OR WARPING	Curb-hopping or potholes: Adjust turning practices and		
DENDING OIL WAILING	adjust speed accordingly with road conditions. Improper tightening sequence: Follow proper tightening sequence.		

SYMPTOM PROBLEM: REMEDY

BROKEN STUDS* Over-tightening: Use correct torque and tightening

sequence when mounting.

*Replace broken studs before using the semitrailer!,

TRAILER TRACKING PROBLEMS:

TRACKS TO ONE SIDE **Axle bent:** Replace axle.

TRACKS TO EITHER SIDE Broken or bent springs or equalizer bushings: Replace

worn parts.

5-3 ELECTRIC BRAKES

For maintenance procedures, see Section 4-6.

SYMPTOM	PROBLEM: REMEDY
NO BRAKES	Open circuits: Find and correct. Severe Underadjustment: Adjust brakes. Faulty Controller: Test and correct.
	Short Circuits: Find and correct.
WEAK BRAKES	Grease or Oil on Magnets or Linings: Clean or replace Corroded Connections: Clean and correct cause of corrosion
	Worn Linings or Magnets: Replace. Scored or Grooved Brake Drums: Machine or replace.
	Improper Synchronization: Correct.
	Underadjustment: Adjust brakes
	Glazed Linings: Reburnish or replace.
	Overloaded Trailer: Reduce to within load restrictions.
LOCKING BRAKES	Underadjustment: Adjust brakes
EGGINING BIVINES	Improper Synchronization: Correct
	Faulty Controller: Test and correct.
	Loose, Bent, or Broken Brake Components: Replace components.
	Out-of-Round Brake Drums: Machine or replace
	Insufficient Wheel Load: Adjust system resistor and synchronize.
INTERMITTENT BRAKES	Faulty Controller: Test and correct.
	Broken Wires: Repair or replace.
	Loose Connections: Find and repair.
	Faulty Ground: Find and repair.
BRAKES PULL TO ONE SIDE	Wrong Magnet Lead Wire Color: Correct.
	Incorrect Adjustment: Adjust.
	Grease or Oil on Magnets or Linings: Clean or replace
	Broken Wires: Repair or replace.
	Bad Connections: Find and repair.
HARSH BRAKES	Underadjustment: Adjust brakes.
	Improper Synchronization: Correct.
	Improper Controller: Change.
	Faulty Controller: Test and correct

SYMPTOM

PROBLEM: REMEDY

NOISY BRAKE Underadjustment: Adjust brakes.

Broken Brake Components: Replace components.

Incorrect Brake Components: Correct.

SURGING BRAKES Grease or Oil on Magnets or Linings: Clean or replace.

Out-of-Round Brake Drums: Machine or replace.

Faulty Controller: Test and correct.

DRAGGING BRAKES Overadjustment: Readjust

Out-of-Round Brake Drums: Machine or replace.

Incorrect Brake Components: Replace.

Loose, Bent, or Broken Brake Components: Replace

components.

Faulty Breakaway Switch: Repair or replace.

Broken Wires: Repair or replace.

Loose Wheel Bearing Adjustment: Adjust.

Bent Spindle: Replace axle.